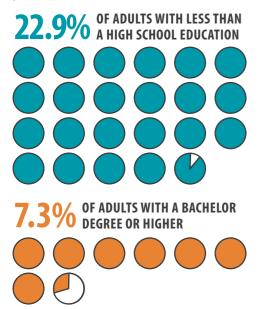
EDUCATION MATTERS ANALYSIS BROUGHT NATIONAL TRENDS IN FOREGONE CARE DUE TO COST. BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAIL

FOREGONE CARE DUE TO COST

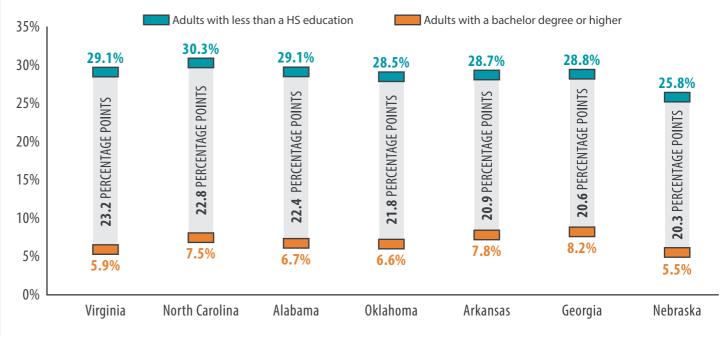
Nationally, adults with less than a high school education were more than 3 times as likely as those with a bachelor's degree or higher to skip needed care due to cost in 2016.



GAPS IN FOREGONE CARE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT. 2016

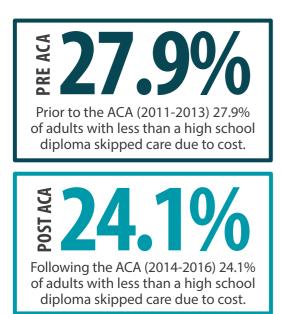
Across all reported states, the rate of foregone care among adults with less than a high school education exceeded the rate of foregone care among college graduates in 2016. In seven states, this gap was greater than 20 percentage points.

TO YOU BY:

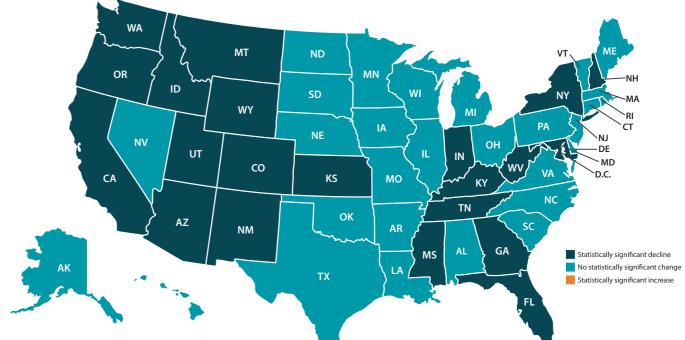


CHANGES IN FOREGONE CARE: BEFORE AND AFTER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT

The percent of adults with less than a high school diploma that skipped care due to cost has fallen nationally since the passage of the ACA.



Among the states, 21 saw statistically significant declines in foregone care among adults with less than a high school diploma after the ACA, and none saw significant increases.



Source: SHADAC analysis of the 2011-2016 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) public use files on statehealthcompare.shadac.org Notes: Adult is defined as 25 years of age and above. All differences were statistically significant at the 95% level.