

KIDS' HEALTH IN THE U.S.

PARENTAL ATTENDANCE AT KIDS' ACTIVITIES IN 2016

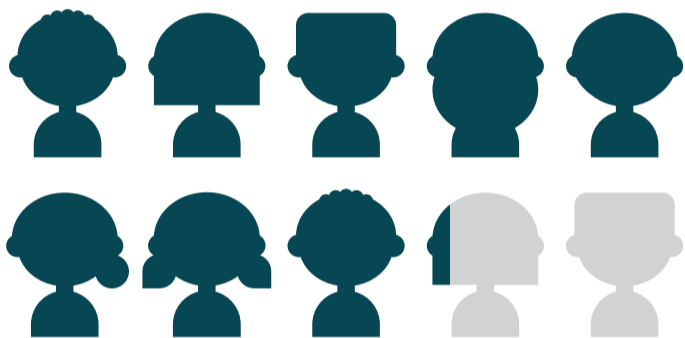
The U.S. Census Bureau recently released 2016 results from the National Survey of Children's Health (NSCH), which provides traditional measures of health status and access to care among children along with rich data on the social factors that determine health including family, neighborhood, and social context. Among the social determinants explored in the NSCH is parental attendance at events in which their child participated. We highlight 2016 findings for this indicator below.

NATIONWIDE

82.3 PERCENT

of kids nationwide had parents regularly attending their activities in 2016.* That is approximately

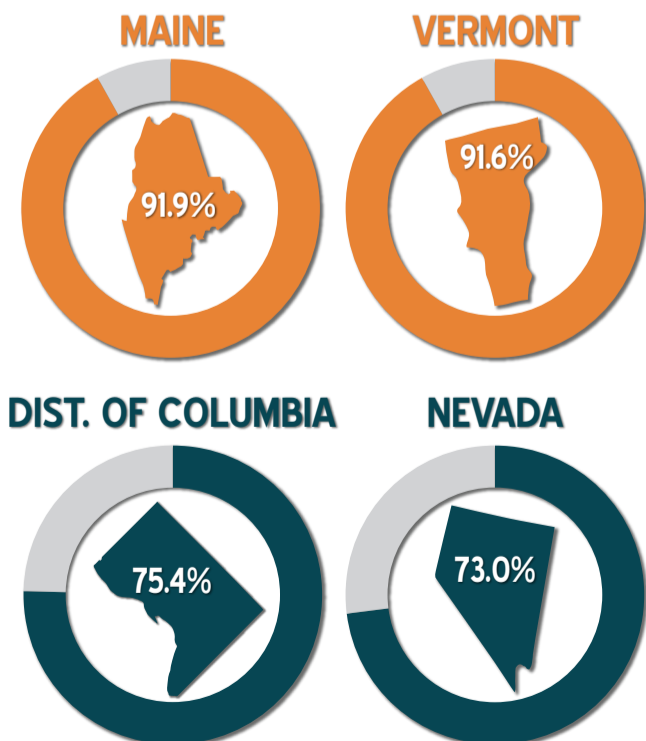
39,839,000 KIDS



*This measure includes children with parents who reported that they always/usually attended events and activities in which their child participated.

IN THE STATES

Among the states, Maine and Vermont reported the highest percentages of children that had parents regularly attending their activities in 2016, at 91.9% in Maine and 91.6% in Vermont. Nevada and the District of Columbia reported the lowest percentages in 2016, at 75.4% in D.C. and 73.0% in Nevada.

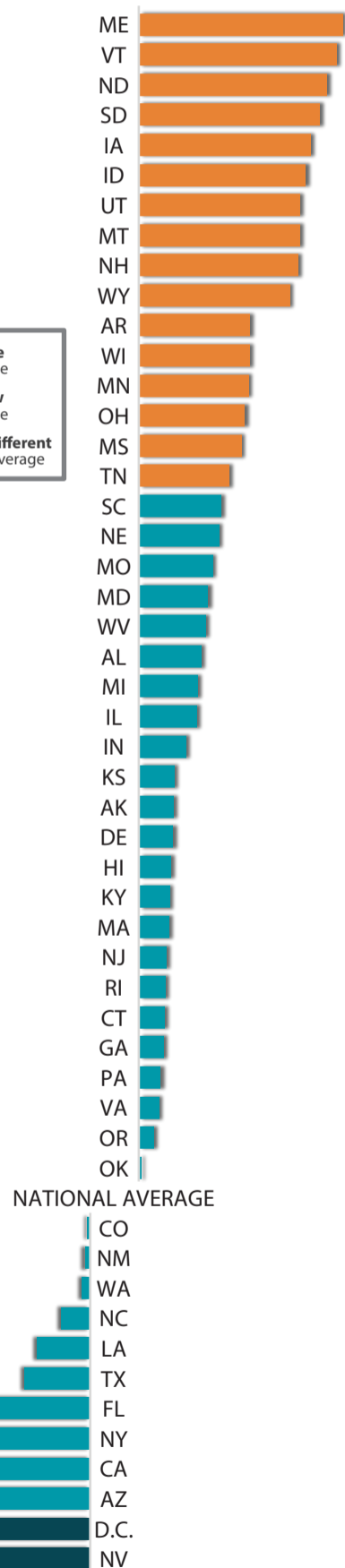
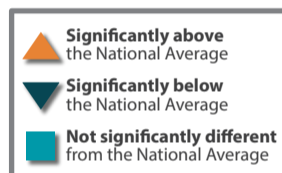


STATE COMPARISON TO THE NATIONAL AVERAGE

In 16 states, the percentage of kids that had parents regularly attend their activities was significantly above the national average in 2016.*

82.3% NATIONAL AVERAGE

- 85.2% **Alabama**
- 83.9% **Alaska**
- 77.4% **Arizona**
- 87.5% **Arkansas**
- 77.8% **California**
- 82.2% **Colorado**
- 83.4% **Connecticut**
- 83.8% **Delaware**
- 75.4% **D.C.**
- 78.0% **Florida**
- 83.4% **Georgia**
- 83.7% **Hawaii**
- 90.1% **Idaho**
- 84.9% **Illinois**
- 84.5% **Indiana**
- 90.3% **Iowa**
- 83.9% **Kansas**
- 83.7% **Kentucky**
- 79.8% **Louisiana**
- 91.9% **Maine**
- 85.5% **Maryland**
- 83.6% **Massachusetts**
- 85.0% **Michigan**
- 87.4% **Minnesota**
- 87.1% **Mississippi**
- 85.7% **Missouri**
- 89.8% **Montana**
- 86.0% **Nebraska**
- 73.0% **Nevada**
- 89.7% **New Hampshire**
- 83.5% **New Jersey**
- 82.1% **New Mexico**
- 77.9% **New York**
- 80.9% **North Carolina**
- 91.1% **North Dakota**
- 87.2% **Ohio**
- 82.3% **Oklahoma**
- 82.9% **Oregon**
- 83.2% **Pennsylvania**
- 83.5% **Rhode Island**
- 86.1% **South Carolina**
- 90.8% **South Dakota**
- 86.5% **Tennessee**
- 79.2% **Texas**
- 89.8% **Utah**
- 91.6% **Vermont**
- 83.2% **Virginia**
- 81.9% **Washington**
- 85.4% **West Virginia**
- 87.5% **Wisconsin**
- 89.4% **Wyoming**



* Statistically significant at the 95% level and account for the dependent relationship between state and national estimates.

Source: SHADAC analysis of the 2016 National Survey of Children's Health. Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative, Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. (2018). 2016 National Survey of Children's Health (NSCH) (Excel) CAHMI DRC Data Set. U.S. Census Bureau. Retrieved March, 2018 from www.childhealthdata.org. Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health.

